

# GLOBAL FUND APPLICATION DASHBOARD

## HIV Epidemiology and Response Analytics

SELECT YOUR COUNTRY:

Gambia

Click the box for the drop-down arrow

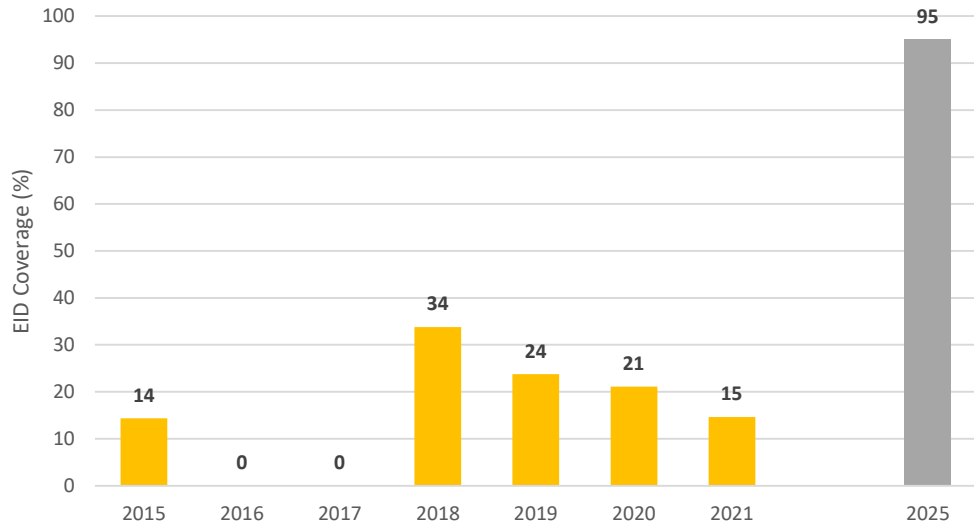
### 2022 HIV Estimates

Note: Charts will be blank if estimates were not published in July 2022.

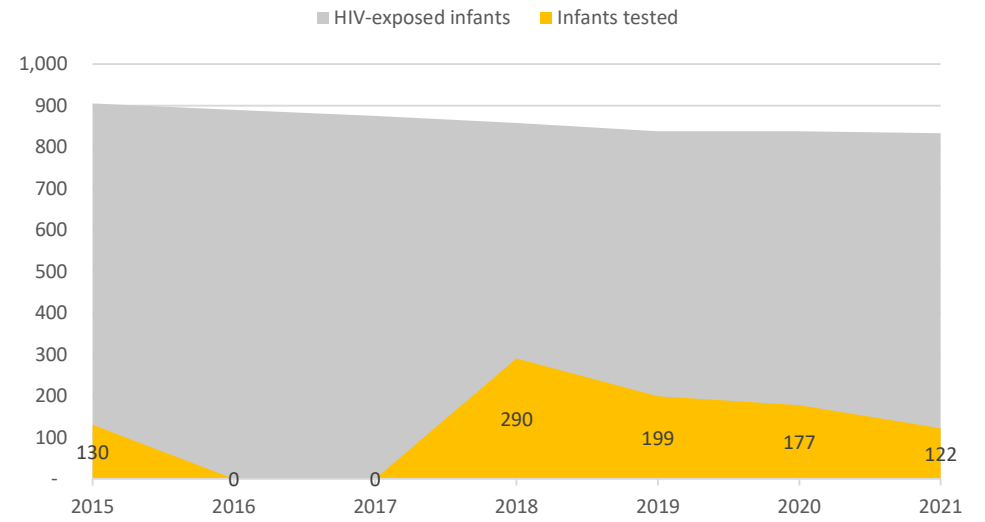
#### Gambia

##### Early infant diagnosis (EID)

Percentage of infants born to pregnant women living with HIV who were tested for HIV within two months of birth (%), 2015-2021

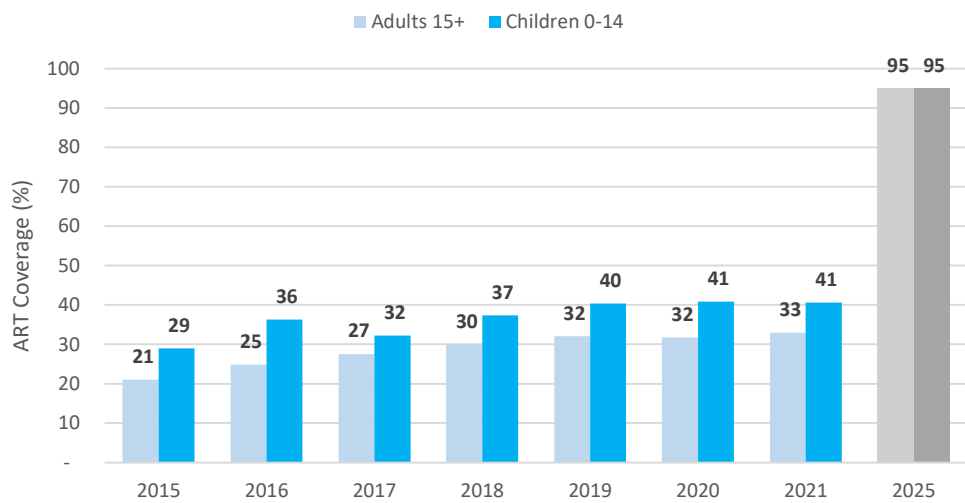


Number of infants born to pregnant women living with HIV and number tested for HIV within two months of birth, 2015-2021

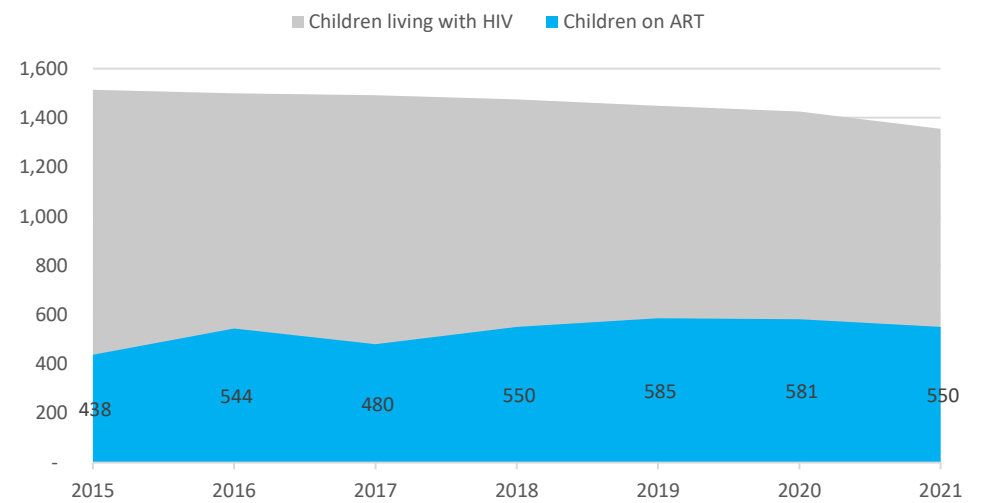


##### Antiretroviral therapy (ART) coverage for people living with HIV

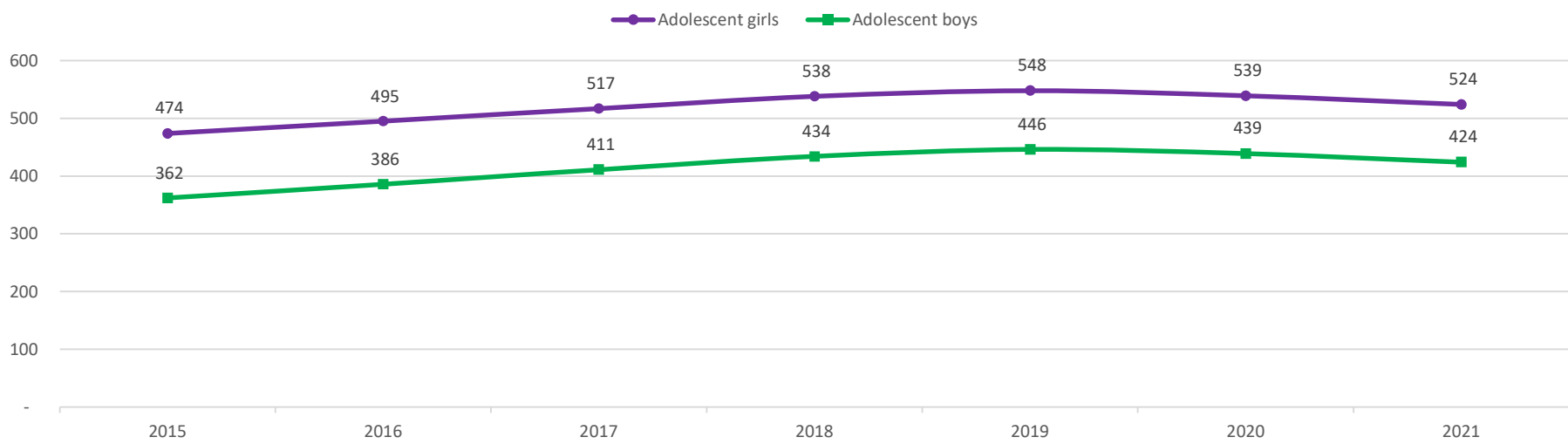
ART Coverage (%) of children aged 0-14 and adults aged 15+, 2015-2021



Number of children aged 0-14 living with HIV and number receiving ART, 2015-2021

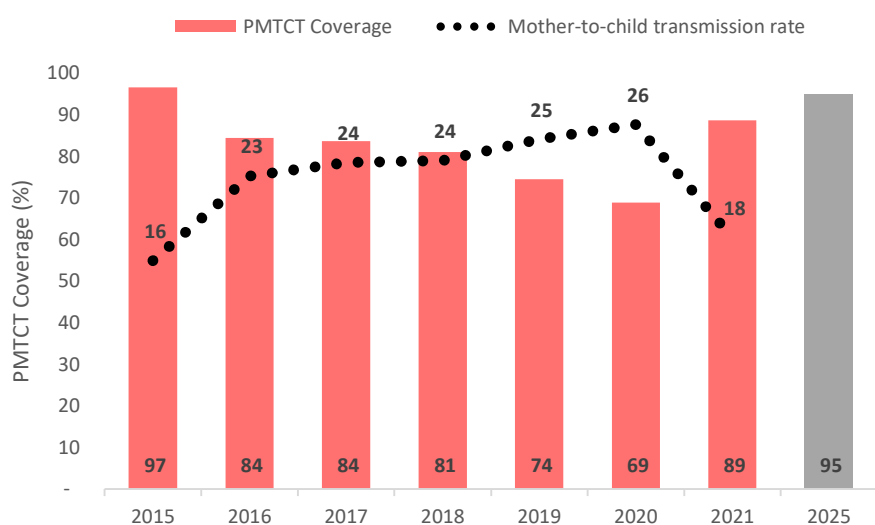


##### Number of adolescents aged 10-19 living with HIV by sex, 2015-2021

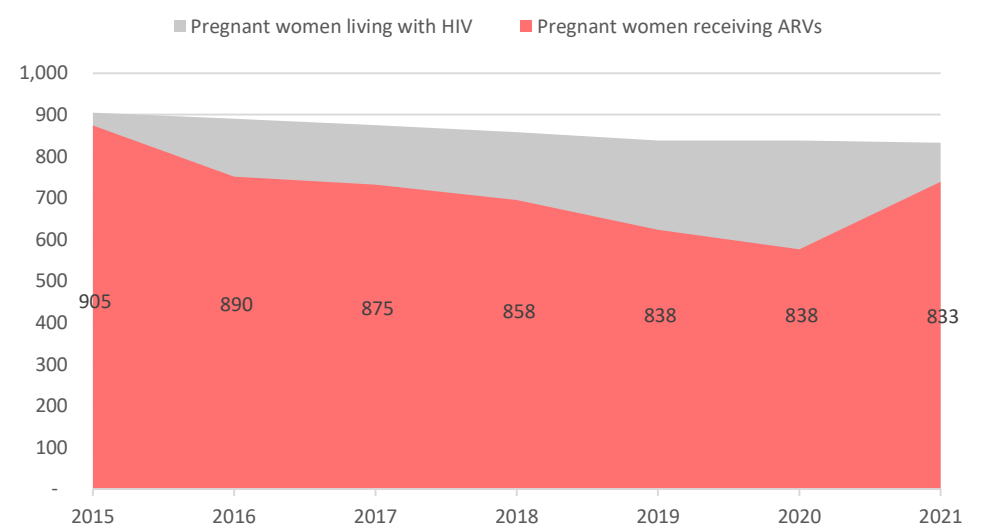


##### Prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV (PMTCT)

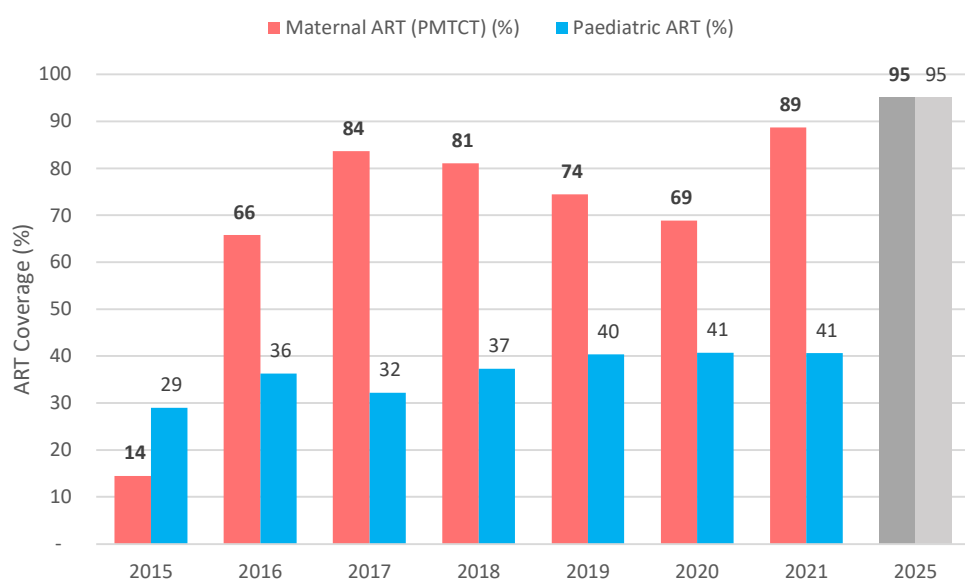
PMTCT Coverage (%) and mother-to-child HIV transmission rate (%), 2015-2021



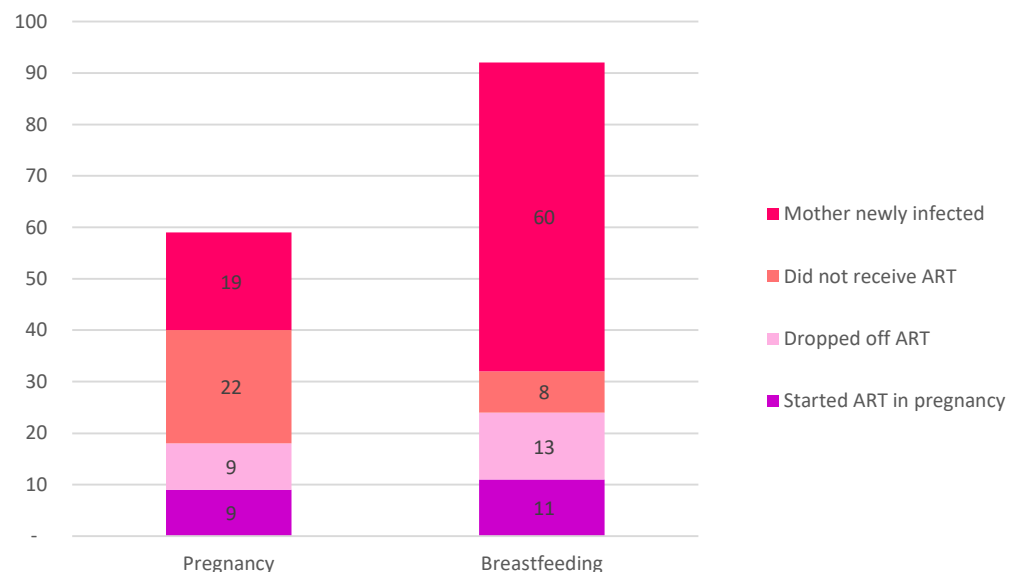
Number of pregnant women living with HIV and number receiving ARVs, 2015-2021



Comparison of children on ART to pregnant women on ART  
Paediatric ART coverage (%) and Maternal ART (PMTCT) coverage (%),  
2015-2021



Stacked bar for maternal-to-child-transmission  
Number of new HIV infections among children by source of infection,  
2021



## Gambia

### Number of people living with HIV

Population	2021	Percent contribution to all ages	Percent contribution to all children aged 0-19	Percent change since:		Breakdown by sex:				
				2000	2010	Female	%	Male	%	
By five-year age group	Age 0-4	520	2%	28%	-14%	-35%				
	Age 5-9	390	1%	21%	173%	-34%				
	Age 10-14	450	2%	24%	2524%	41%				
	Age 15-19	500	2%	27%	311%	124%	300	61%	200	39%
	Age 20-24	1,200	4%	n/a	32%	6%	880	75%	290	25%
Grouped	Age 0-14	1,400	5%	73%	77%	-20%				
	Age 0-19	1,900	7%	100%	109%	-4%	<1,000	52%	<1,000	48%
	Age 10-19	<1,000	4%	51%	582%	76%	<1,000	55%	<500	45%
	Age 15-24	1,700	6%	n/a	66%	26%	1,200	71%	490	29%
	Age 15+	25,000	95%	n/a	151%	35%	15,000	61%	9,500	39%

Red = increase, green = decrease

Note: numbers may not sum up to total due to rounding

### Number of new HIV infections

Population	2021	Percent contribution to all ages	Percent contribution to all children aged 0-19	Percent change since:		Breakdown by sex:				
				2000	2010	Female	%	Male	%	
By five-year age group	Age 0-4	150	8%	73%	-48%	-32%				
	Age 15-19	60	3%	27%	-8%	-20%	50	89%	10	9%
	Age 20-24	250	13%	121%	-8%	-15%	<200	73%	70	27%
Grouped	Age 0-14	150	8%	73%	-48%	-32%				
	Age 0-19	<500	11%	100%	-41%	-29%	<200	60%	<100	39%
	Age 10-19	60	3%	27%	-8%	-20%	50	89%	10	9%
	Age 15-24	310	17%	n/a	-8%	-16%	240	76%	70	24%
	Age 15+	1,700	92%	n/a	-7%	-8%	960	56%	750	44%

Red = increase, green = decrease

HIV

Note: numbers may not sum up to total due to rounding

### Number of AIDS-related deaths

Population	2021	Percent contribution to all ages	Percent contribution to all children aged 0-19	Percent change since:		Breakdown by sex:				
				2000	2010	Female	%	Male	%	
By five-year age group	Age 0-4	100	8%	71%	-36%	-30%				
	Age 5-9	10	1%	7%	50%	-64%				
	Age 10-14	10	1%	10%	1411%	-24%				
	Age 15-19									
	Age 20-24									
Grouped	Age 0-14	120	9%	88%	-24%	-34%				
	Age 0-19	<200	11%	100%	-13%	-27%	<100	49%	<100	51%
	Age 10-19	<100	2%	22%	1612%	25%	<100	50%	<100	53%
	Age 15-24	40	3%	n/a	236%	85%	20	54%	20	46%
	Age 15+	1,100	91%	n/a	204%	8%	540	47%	610	53%

Red = increase, green = decrease

Note: numbers may not sum up to total due to rounding

Source:

1. All data can be cited as *UNAIDS 2022 estimates*.
2. All coverage estimates are calculated from country-reported data in *Global AIDS Monitoring 2022*.

## 2022 Laws and Policies

### Gambia

Pillar	Laws and Policies Questions/Indicators	Responses
1	TDF+3TC (or FTC) + DTG preferred first-line ARVs for treatment initiation in national guidelines for <b>adults and adolescents</b>	Yes
	TDF+3TC (or FTC) + DTG preferred first-line ARVs for treatment initiation in national guidelines for <b>pregnant and/or breastfeeding women</b>	Yes
	DTG recommended as preferred option for treatment initiation in <b>children &lt;20kg</b>	Yes, for all children older than 4 weeks
	DTG recommended second-line option for <b>children ≥20kg</b>	No
2	Populations prioritized in viral load testing prioritization policy - <b>Pregnant and breastfeeding women</b>	No response
	Populations prioritized in viral load testing prioritization policy - <b>Infants and children (0–&lt;10 years)</b>	No response
	Populations prioritized in viral load testing prioritization policy - <b>Adolescents (10–19 years)</b>	No response
3	Country has a policy on retesting HIV-negative women during pregnancy/delivery and/or the post-partum/breastfeeding period	Yes
4	Interventions targeting healthcare workers on human rights and gender-based violence	No response
	Training programmes on HIV-related human rights and non-discrimination for: <b>healthcare workers</b>	Yes, at scale at the national level
	Laws requiring spousal consent for married women to access sexual and reproductive health services	No
	Laws requiring spousal consent for married women to access HIV testing	No
	Social protection strategy/policy/framework: <b>Refers to HIV</b>	Yes
	Social protection strategy/policy/framework: <b>Recognizes people living with HIV as key beneficiaries</b>	Yes
	Social protection strategy/policy/framework: <b>Recognizes key populations as key beneficiaries</b>	Yes
	Reporting requirements for CSOs/CBOs delivering HIV services are streamlined	Yes
	Routine data collection on HIV service delivery institutionalized in an information system	No response
	Treatment cascade data available and analysed: testing at the district level	Yes
Patient monitoring system indicators and tools updated using 2017 WHO patient monitoring guidelines	Yes, fully	

Source:

1.WHO Policy Data 2019, 2020 & 2021

2.UNAIDS National Commitments and Policy Instrument 2018, 2019, 2020 & 2021

Pillar	Additional Indicators to be Completed by Countries	Responses
1	Children tested at 18 months of age for HIV status	
	Viral load suppression coverage for children 0-14	
	Viral load suppression coverage for adolescents 15-19	
2	Retention in care among <b>pregnant women</b>	
	Retention in care among <b>breastfeeding women</b>	
	Viral load suppression coverage among <b>pregnant women</b>	
	Viral load suppression coverage among <b>breastfeeding women</b>	
3	HIV retesting coverage among <b>pregnant women</b>	
	HIV retesting coverage among <b>breastfeeding women</b>	

#### Pillar Definitions:

- 1 Early testing and optimized treatment for infants, children, and adolescents living with HIV
- 2 Closing the treatment gap for pregnant/breastfeeding women living with HIV and improving continuity of treatment
- 3 Preventing new HIV infections among pregnant/breastfeeding adolescents and women.
- 4 Addressing rights, gender equality and the social and structural barriers to access services and promote participation