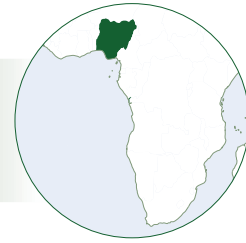


NIGERIA



170 000
[150 000–190 000]

CHILDREN (0–14 YEARS) WERE LIVING WITH HIV IN 2021

26 000 [21 000–30 000]

CHILDREN (0–14 YEARS) BECAME NEWLY INFECTED WITH HIV IN 2021

17 000 [15 000–20 000]

CHILDREN (0–14 YEARS) DIED FROM AIDS-RELATED ILLNESSES IN 2021

Figure 1.

New HIV infections among children (0–14 years) and antiretroviral coverage among pregnant women (%), 2010–2021

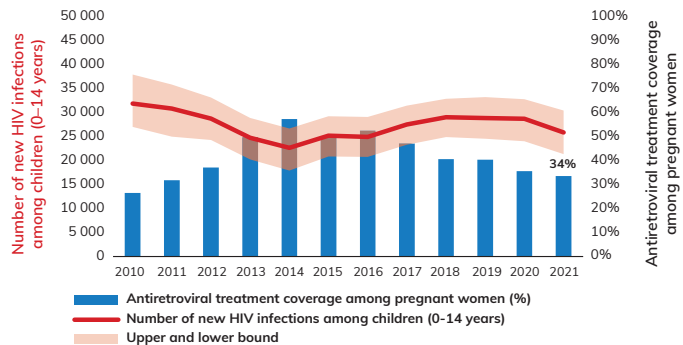
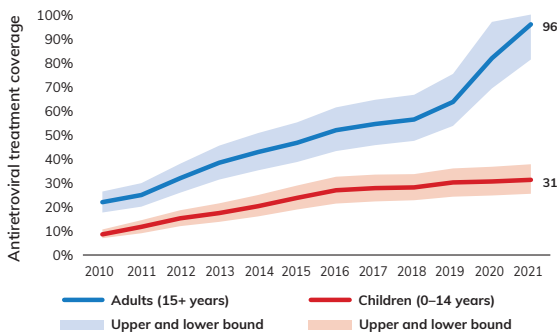


Figure 2.

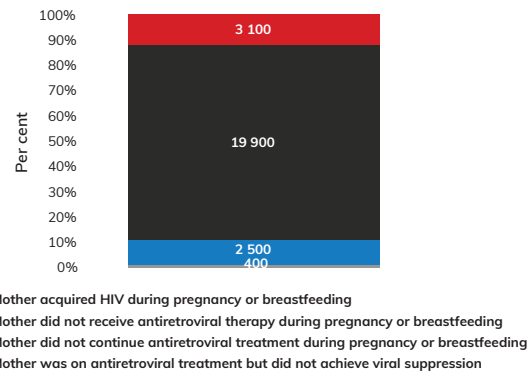
Antiretroviral treatment coverage (%) among children (0–14 years) and adults (15+ years), 2010–2021



Source: UNAIDS epidemiological estimates, 2022 (<https://aidsinfo.unaids.org/>).

Figure 3.

Percentage and number of new vertical HIV infections by cause of transmission, 2021



Highlights from Global Alliance action plan:

- Scaling up PMTCT service availability to all locations where pregnant women receive antenatal care in public and private health facilities, traditional birth attendants and other informal providers.
- Mobilization to provide access to antenatal care and PMTCT services for women at home who do not receive antenatal care usually for socio-cultural reasons.
- Testing children of adult PLHIV who are on Anti-Retroviral Therapy (ART).
- Updating our data systems to capture progress, identify persisting gaps, and inform further action.
- The action plans have been incorporated in the National Health Sector HIV Response Plan and are priorities for both Global Fund NFM4 and PEPFAR COP23 grants.

“I am pleased to draw attention to the inclusiveness of the planning processes, being that People Living with HIV, including women and youth, participated in development of the plans at national and subnational levels. Implementation will also be inclusive and involve other sectors, tiers of governance and stakeholders, down to ward level.”

— Dr Osagie Ehanire, Minister of Health, Federal Republic of Nigeria